

SL



Marks Obtained  
**20**

Department of Statistics and Data Science  
Jahangirnagar University  
Savar, Dhaka-1342

1st tutorial Examination, 20.25  
Student's Name: Abide Sultana  
Class Roll: 98 Session: 2020-2021  
Course No.: 404 Course Title: Design and experiment (P)  
Tutorial Exam. No.: 01 Date: 08/07/2025  
Answer from here

Signature of Examiner

Ans. to the (a, no 1) (a)  
Uses table to compute the sum of square of components in a 2<sup>3</sup> factorial experiments with 6 blocks

Treat ment combination	total yield	col-1	col-2	col-3	main and interaction effect	SS
(1)	[1]	[1]+[a]=n <sub>1</sub>	n <sub>1</sub> +n <sub>2</sub> =y <sub>1</sub>	y <sub>1</sub> +y <sub>2</sub> =G <sub>1</sub>		
a	[a]	[b]+[ab]=n <sub>2</sub>	n <sub>3</sub> +n <sub>4</sub> =y <sub>2</sub>	y <sub>3</sub> +y <sub>4</sub> =G <sub>2</sub>	$\frac{[A]^2}{2^3-1 \times 6} = \frac{[A]^2}{24}$	$\frac{[A]^2}{2^3 \times 6} = \frac{[A]^2}{48}$
b	[b]	[c]+[ac]=n <sub>3</sub>	n <sub>5</sub> +n <sub>6</sub> =y <sub>3</sub>	y <sub>5</sub> +y <sub>6</sub> =G <sub>3</sub>	$\frac{[B]^2}{24}$	$\frac{[B]^2}{48}$
ab	[ab]	[bc]+[abc]=n <sub>4</sub>	n <sub>7</sub> +n <sub>8</sub> =y <sub>4</sub>	y <sub>7</sub> +y <sub>8</sub> =G <sub>4</sub>	$\frac{[AB]^2}{24}$	$\frac{[AB]^2}{48}$
c	[c]	[a]-[1]=n <sub>5</sub>	n <sub>2</sub> -n <sub>1</sub> =y <sub>5</sub>	y <sub>2</sub> -y <sub>1</sub> =C	$\frac{[C]^2}{24}$	$\frac{[C]^2}{48}$
ac	[ac]	[ab]-[b]=n <sub>6</sub>	n <sub>4</sub> -n <sub>3</sub> =y <sub>6</sub>	y <sub>4</sub> -y <sub>3</sub> =AC	$\frac{[AC]^2}{24}$	$\frac{[AC]^2}{48}$
bc	[bc]	[ac]-[c]=n <sub>7</sub>	n <sub>6</sub> -n <sub>5</sub> =y <sub>7</sub>	y <sub>6</sub> -y <sub>5</sub> =BC	$\frac{[BC]^2}{24}$	$\frac{[BC]^2}{48}$
abc	[abc]	[abc]-[bc]=n <sub>8</sub>	n <sub>8</sub> -n <sub>7</sub> =y <sub>8</sub>	y <sub>8</sub> -y <sub>7</sub> =ABC	$\frac{[ABC]^2}{24}$	$\frac{[ABC]^2}{48}$



# Analysis of data with 6 Blocks in RBD:

$$Y_{ijkl} = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_j + \gamma_k + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + (\beta\gamma)_{jk} + (\alpha\gamma)_{ik} + (\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk} + \delta_l + \epsilon_{ijkl} ; i=0,1, \dots, j=0,1, \dots, k=0,1, \dots, l=1, \dots, 6$$

$$SS(\text{total}) = \sum_{i=0}^1 \sum_{j=0}^1 \sum_{k=0}^1 \sum_{l=1}^6 Y_{ijkl}^2 - CT ; CT = \frac{G^2}{2^3 \times 6}$$

$$SS(\text{Block}) = \sum_{l=1}^6 B_l^2 - CT$$

$$SSE = SS(\text{total}) - SS(A) - SS(B) - SS(AB) - SS(C) - SS(AC) - SS(BC) - SS(ABC) - SS(\text{Block})$$

## ANOVA Table:

S.V	df	SS	MS	F
Block	6-1=5	$S_B^2$	$P_B^2 = \frac{S_B^2}{5}$	$P_B^2 / P_e^2$
Treatments	7	$S_T^2$	$P_T^2 = \frac{S_T^2}{7}$	$P_T^2 / P_e^2$
A	1	$S_A^2$	$P_A^2 = \frac{S_A^2}{1}$	$P_A^2 / P_e^2$
B	1	$S_B^2$	$P_B^2 = \frac{S_B^2}{1}$	$P_B^2 / P_e^2$
AB	1	$S_{AB}^2$	$P_{AB}^2 = \frac{S_{AB}^2}{1}$	$P_{AB}^2 / P_e^2$
C	1	$S_C^2$	$P_C^2 = \frac{S_C^2}{1}$	$P_C^2 / P_e^2$
AC	1	$S_{AC}^2$	$P_{AC}^2 = \frac{S_{AC}^2}{1}$	$P_{AC}^2 / P_e^2$
BC	1	$S_{BC}^2$	$P_{BC}^2 = \frac{S_{BC}^2}{1}$	$P_{BC}^2 / P_e^2$
ABC	1	$S_{ABC}^2$	$P_{ABC}^2 = \frac{S_{ABC}^2}{1}$	$P_{ABC}^2 / P_e^2$
Error	$(2^3-1)(6-1) = 35$	$S_{\text{Error}}$	$P_{\text{Error}}^2 = \frac{S_{\text{Error}}}{35}$	$P_{\text{Error}}^2 / P_e^2$
Total	$2^3 \times 6 - 1 = 247$	$S_{\text{total}}$		

# Inference Procedure!

$H_0$ : The ~~main~~ or the treatment combinations are similar

$H_1$ : The treatment combinations are different

In  $F_{cal} = \frac{MS(\text{treatment})}{MS(\text{Error})}$

if  $F_{cal} > F_{\alpha, tab}$  then reject  $H_0$  at  $\alpha\%$  level of significance and we can conclude that treatment combinations are not similar



Ans. 1 (b)

Yates table for computing SS for  $3^2$  w/4 replications.

Treatment combination	Yield total	col-1	col-2	col-3	Main and interaction effect	D.F. of SS	SS
00	$x_1$	$x_1 + x_2 = y_1$	$y_1 + y_2 + y_3 = z_1$	$z_1 + z_2 + z_3 = GT$	G	3	
10	$x_2$	$x_4 + x_5 + x_6 = y_2$	$y_4 + y_5 + y_6 = z_2$	$z_4 + x_5 + z_6 = [A_1]$	$A_1$	3	$[A_1]^2$
20	$x_3$	$x_7 + x_8 + x_9 = y_3$	$y_7 + y_8 + y_9 = z_3$	$z_7 + z_8 + z_9 = [A_2]$	$A_2$	3	$[A_2]^2$
01	$x_4$	$x_3 - x_1 = y_4$	$y_3 - y_1 = z_4$	$z_3 - z_1 = [B_1]$	$B_1$	3	$[B_1]^2$
11	$x_5$	$x_6 - x_4 = y_5$	$y_6 - y_4 = z_5$	$z_6 - z_4 = [A_1 B_1]$	$A_1 B_1$	3	$[A_1 B_1]^2$
21	$x_6$	$x_9 - x_7 = y_6$	$y_9 - y_7 = z_6$	$z_9 - z_7 = [A_2 B_1]$	$A_2 B_1$	3	$[A_2 B_1]^2$
02	$x_7$	$x_3 - 2x_5 + x_1 = y_7$	$y_3 - 2y_5 + y_1 = z_7$	$z_3 - 2z_5 + z_1 = [B_2]$	$B_2$	3	$[B_2]^2$
12	$x_8$	$x_6 - 2x_5 + x_4 = y_8$	$y_6 - 2y_5 + y_4 = z_8$	$z_6 - 2z_5 + z_4 = [A_1 B_2]$	$A_1 B_2$	3	$[A_1 B_2]^2$
22	$x_9$	$x_9 - 2x_8 + x_7 = y_9$	$y_9 - 2y_8 + y_7 = z_9$	$z_9 - 2z_8 + z_7 = [A_2 B_2]$	$A_2 B_2$	3	$[A_2 B_2]^2$

Analysis of data in CRD!

Model:  $y_{ijk} = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}$ ;  $i=0,1,2$   
 $j=0,1,2$   
 $k=1(1)4$

$SS(\text{total}) = \sum_{i=0}^2 \sum_{j=0}^2 \sum_{k=1}^4 y_{ijk}^2 - CT$  ;  $CT = \frac{GT^2}{3 \times 4}$

$SS(B) = SS(\text{total}) - SS(A) - SS(AA) - SS(B) - SS(A \times B_1) - SS(A \times B_2) - SS(BA) - SS(A \times B_2) - SS(AA \times BA)$

ANOVA table:

SV	df	SS	MS	F
treatment	8	$S^2_T$	$P^2_T$	$P^2_T / P^2_e$
A1	1	$S^2_{A1}$	$P^2_{A1}$	$P^2_{A1} / P^2_e$
A2	1	$S^2_{A2}$	$P^2_{A2}$	$P^2_{A2} / P^2_e$
B1	1	$S^2_{B1}$	$P^2_{B1}$	$P^2_{B1} / P^2_e$
A1B1	1	$S^2_{A1B1}$	$P^2_{A1B1}$	$P^2_{A1B1} / P^2_e$
A2B1	1	$S^2_{A2B1}$	$P^2_{A2B1}$	$P^2_{A2B1} / P^2_e$
B2	1	$S^2_{B2}$	$P^2_{B2}$	$P^2_{B2} / P^2_e$
<del>A1B2</del>	1	$S^2_{A1B2}$	$P^2_{A1B2}$	$P^2_{A1B2} / P^2_e$
A2B2	1	$S^2_{A2B2}$	$P^2_{A2B2}$	$P^2_{A2B2} / P^2_e$
ERROR	$3^2(4-1)=27$	$SS^2_e$	$P^2_e$	
total	$3 \times 4 - 1 = 35$	$S^2_{\text{total}}$		



Ans. 7 (c)

The appropriate model is CRD (complete randomized design of  $2^2$  factorial experiment) model:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk} \quad ; i, j = 0, 1$$

$$k = 0, 1$$

$$r = 1(1)2$$

since all treatments are allocated randomly in each experimental plot so it is and there is replications of treatment and no block.

So it is CRD model (appropriate).

Treatment	Block 1	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4	Block 5	Block 6	Block 7	Block 8
00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
01	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

ii)  
Using Yates method:

Treatment # of combination	Yield total	col-1	col-2	Main and Interaction effect/Effect	SS <sub>2</sub> (Effect total) 2x2
(1)	48	108	256	$\frac{256}{2^2-1} \times 2 = 64$	0
Z	60	148	-4	-1	2
k	82	12	40	10	200
Zk	66	-16	-28	-7	98

$$SS(\text{total}) = \sum_{j=1}^2 \sum_{k=1}^2 \sum_{i=1}^2 y_{ijk}^2 - CT$$

$$= 8568 - \frac{(GT)^2}{2^2 \times 2}$$

$$= 376$$

$$SSE = SS(\text{total}) - SS(Z) - SS(k) - SS(Zk)$$

$$= 376 - 2 - 200 - 98$$

$$= 76$$

## ANOVA table:

SV	df	SS	MS	F
Treatment	3	300	100	5.26
z	1	2	2	0.11
k	1	200	200	10.53
zk	1	98	98	5.16
Error	$2^2(2-1) = 4$	76	19	
total	$2^2 \times 2 - 1 = 7$	376		

Inference procedure:

(iii)

$H_0$ : treatment combinations are similar

$H_1$ : treatment combination are different

$$F = \frac{MS(\text{treatment})}{SSE - MS(\text{error})}$$

$$= \frac{100}{19} = 5.26$$

$$F_{0.05, 3, 4} =$$

$$F_{0.05, 3, 4} = 10.13$$

if  $F_{cal} < F_{tab}$ , then we ~~will~~ <sup>may</sup> not reject  $H_0$  and we conclude that treatment combinations are similar.