

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
```

```
# coding: utf-8
```

```
# In[16]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
```

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
import seaborn as sns
```

```
# In[17]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
df=pd.read_csv("Mymensingh.csv")
```

```
df
```

```
# In[4]:
```

```
print(df.isnull().sum)
```

```
# In[23]:
```

```
df = df.drop(columns=['ID', 'Station', 'Year', 'Month', 'A_RAIN', 'T_RAN'])
```

```
# In[24]:
```

```
X = df.drop(columns=['RAN'])  
y = df['RAN']
```

```
# In[25]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer  
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder  
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier  
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='median')  
X_imputed = imputer.fit_transform(X)
```

```
# In[26]:
```

```
le = LabelEncoder()  
y_encoded = le.fit_transform(y)
```

```
# In[27]:
```

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_imputed, y_encoded, test_size=0.2,  
random_state=42)
```

```
# In[28]:
```

```
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)  
knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
# In[29]:
```

```
y_pred = knn.predict(X_test)
```

```
# In[31]:
```

```
print("Confusion Matrix:")
```

```
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
# In[17]:
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))
```

```
sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred), annot=True, fmt='d',
```

```
            xticklabels=le.classes_, yticklabels=le.classes_, cmap='Blues')
```

```
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
```

```
plt.ylabel("Actual")
```

```
plt.title("KNN with Median Imputation")
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
# In[20]:
```

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
```

```
# Dummy classifier just to check it works
```

```
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
```

```
# In[21]:
```

```
knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
# In[22]:
```

```
print("\nClassification Report:")
```

```
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names=le.classes_))
```

```
# In[1]:
```

```
def classification_metrics_from_confusion_matrix(TP, FP, FN, TN):
```

```
    # True Positive Rate (Sensitivity, Recall)
```

```
    TPR = TP / (TP + FN) if (TP + FN) != 0 else 0
```

```
    # False Positive Rate
```

```
    FPR = FP / (FP + TN) if (FP + TN) != 0 else 0
```

```
    # False Negative Rate
```

```
    FNR = FN / (TP + FN) if (TP + FN) != 0 else 0
```

```
    # Specificity (True Negative Rate)
```

```
    SPC = TN / (FP + TN) if (FP + TN) != 0 else 0
```

```
    # Positive Predictive Value (Precision)
```

```
    PPV = TP / (TP + FP) if (TP + FP) != 0 else 0
```

```
    # Negative Predictive Value
```

$NPV = TN / (TN + FN)$ if $(TN + FN) \neq 0$ else 0

Prevalence

$prevalence = (TP + FN) / (TP + FP + FN + TN)$ if $(TP + FP + FN + TN) \neq 0$ else 0

False Omission Rate

$FOR = FN / (FN + TN)$ if $(FN + TN) \neq 0$ else 0

```
return {  
    "TPR": TPR,  
    "FPR": FPR,  
    "FNR": FNR,  
    "SPC": SPC,  
    "PPV": PPV,  
    "NPV": NPV,  
    "Prevalence": prevalence,  
    "FOR": FOR  
}
```

In[11]:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
cm = np.array([  
    [23, 17, 11],  
    [4, 27, 0],  
    [3, 0, 50]])
```

```
def multiclass_metrics(cm):
```

```
n_classes = cm.shape[0]
```

```
metrics = {}
```

```
# In[12]:
```

```
for i in range(n_classes):
```

```
    TP = cm[i, i]
```

```
    FN = np.sum(cm[i, :]) - TP
```

```
    FP = np.sum(cm[:, i]) - TP
```

```
    TN = np.sum(cm) - (TP + FP + FN)
```

```
    TPR = TP / (TP + FN) if (TP + FN) != 0 else 0    # Sensitivity, Recall
```

```
    FPR = FP / (FP + TN) if (FP + TN) != 0 else 0
```

```
    FNR = FN / (TP + FN) if (TP + FN) != 0 else 0
```

```
    SPC = TN / (FP + TN) if (FP + TN) != 0 else 0    # Specificity
```

```
    PPV = TP / (TP + FP) if (TP + FP) != 0 else 0    # Precision
```

```
    NPV = TN / (TN + FN) if (TN + FN) != 0 else 0
```

```
    prevalence = (TP + FN) / np.sum(cm) if np.sum(cm) != 0 else 0
```

```
    FOR = FN / (FN + TN) if (FN + TN) != 0 else 0    # False Omission Rate
```

```
# In[13]:
```

```
metrics[f'class_{i}'] = {
```

```
    "TPR": TPR,
```

```
    "FPR": FPR,
```

```
    "FNR": FNR,
```

```
    "SPC": SPC,
```

```
    "PPV": PPV,
```

```

    "NPV": NPV,
    "Prevalence": prevalence,
    "FOR": FOR
}
return metrics

```

```

metrics = multiclass_metrics(cm)
for cls, vals in metrics.items():
    print(f'Metrics for {cls}:')
    for metric, value in vals.items():
        print(f' {metric}: {value:.4f}')
    print()

```

In[32]:

```

def multiclass_metrics(confusion_matrix):
    import numpy as np
    n_classes = confusion_matrix.shape[0]
    metrics = {}

    for i in range(n_classes):
        TP = confusion_matrix[i, i]
        FN = np.sum(confusion_matrix[i, :]) - TP
        FP = np.sum(confusion_matrix[:, i]) - TP
        TN = np.sum(confusion_matrix) - (TP + FP + FN)

        TPR = TP / (TP + FN) if (TP + FN) != 0 else 0

```

```

FPR = FP / (FP + TN) if (FP + TN) != 0 else 0
FNR = FN / (TP + FN) if (TP + FN) != 0 else 0
SPC = TN / (FP + TN) if (FP + TN) != 0 else 0
PPV = TP / (TP + FP) if (TP + FP) != 0 else 0
NPV = TN / (TN + FN) if (TN + FN) != 0 else 0
prevalence = (TP + FN) / np.sum(confusion_matrix) if np.sum(confusion_matrix) != 0 else
0
FOR = FN / (FN + TN) if (FN + TN) != 0 else 0
metrics[f"class_{i}"] = {
    "TPR": TPR,
    "FPR": FPR,
    "FNR": FNR,
    "SPC": SPC,
    "PPV": PPV,
    "NPV": NPV,
    "Prevalence": prevalence,
    "FOR": FOR
}
return metrics

```

Use it like this:

```

metrics = multiclass_metrics(confusion_matrix)
for cls, vals in metrics.items():
    print(f'Metrics for {cls}:')
    for metric, value in vals.items():
        print(f' {metric}: {value:.4f}')
    print()

```

In[34]:

```

import numpy as np

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

# Define confusion matrix
cm = np.array([[23, 17, 11],
               [ 4, 27,  0],
               [ 3,  0, 50]])

# Number of classes
n_classes = cm.shape[0]

# Initialize dictionaries
metrics = {'Class': [], 'TPR': [], 'FPR': [], 'FNR': [], 'SPC': [],
          'PPV': [], 'NPV': [], 'Prevalence': [], 'FOR': []}

for i in range(n_classes):
    TP = cm[i, i]
    FP = sum(cm[:, i]) - TP
    FN = sum(cm[i, :]) - TP
    TN = cm.sum() - (TP + FP + FN)

    TPR = TP / (TP + FN) if (TP + FN) else 0 # Sensitivity, Recall
    FPR = FP / (FP + TN) if (FP + TN) else 0
    FNR = FN / (FN + TP) if (FN + TP) else 0
    SPC = TN / (TN + FP) if (TN + FP) else 0 # Specificity
    PPV = TP / (TP + FP) if (TP + FP) else 0 # Precision
    NPV = TN / (TN + FN) if (TN + FN) else 0

```

```
Prev = (TP + FN) / cm.sum() # Prevalence
```

```
FOR = FN / (FN + TN) if (FN + TN) else 0 # False Omission Rate
```

```
metrics['Class'].append(f'Class {i}')
```

```
metrics['TPR'].append(round(TPR, 3))
```

```
metrics['FPR'].append(round(FPR, 3))
```

```
metrics['FNR'].append(round(FNR, 3))
```

```
metrics['SPC'].append(round(SPC, 3))
```

```
metrics['PPV'].append(round(PPV, 3))
```

```
metrics['NPV'].append(round(NPV, 3))
```

```
metrics['Prevalence'].append(round(Prev, 3))
```

```
metrics['FOR'].append(round(FOR, 3))
```

```
# Display nicely
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
df_metrics = pd.DataFrame(metrics)
```

```
print(df_metrics)
```

```
# In[ ]:
```